

SHELL OIL COMPANY

P. O. BOX 262 WOOD RIVER, ILLINOIS 62095

October 25, 1979

Subject: Shell Oil Company vs.

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

PCB 79-166

CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Illinois Pollution Control Board 309 West Washington Street, Suite 300 Chicago, Illinois 60606

Attention Ms. Christan L. Moffett, Clerk

Gentlemen:

Pursuant to Board Procedural Rule 406(a) we submit herewith our Response to the Agency Recommendation.

Very truly yours,

A. R. Williams Refinery Manager

Enclosures

cc: Mr. William Seltzer

Senior Technical Advisor

Division of Enforcement Services

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

2200 Churchill Road

Springfield, Illinois 62706

EPA Region 5 Records Ctr.

270947

379817

BEFORE THE ILLINOIS POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

IN THE MATTER OF:	· ·
SHELL OIL COMPANY Petitioner v.	PCB 79-166
ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Respondent	}

PETITIONER'S RESPONSE TO AGENCY RECOMMENDATION

Shell Oil Company ("Petitioner") has reviewed the Agency's Variance Recommendation and now files this, its Response, pursuant to Board Procedural Rule 406(a).

On page 4 of its Recommendation the Agency recommended that the Petition be dismissed without prejudice, and Petitioner allowed an additional 45 days to correct stated deficiencies and supply requested information to the Agency to enable the Agency to make an appropriate evaluation. In particular the Agency requires:

- (a) Details of locations from which wastes are being hauled onsite and where onsite they are being hauled to, the quantities and a more precise description of such wastes.
- (b) Knowledge of whether any wastes are being disposed of on the Petitioner's property or elsewhere, and the locations of such disposal on or off the Petitioner's property.
- (c) Petitioner's estimate of costs of compliance with Rule 501 as opposed to costs of its own internal waste disposal permit system proposed on page 3, paragraph 5, of the Petition.

Petitioner responds as follows:

- l. Petitioner points out that this Variance is for shipments of waste between the various parts of its refinery and not for shipments of waste for offsite disposal, as set forth in paragraph 4 on page 3 of the Petition.
- 2. Petitioner introduces Exhibit C, a summary of the wastes and other materials Shell transports over public roads between various parts of its Wood River Illinois Petroleum Refinery. The origin of each waste is described, the yearly quantity estimated, and the disposal or treatment site identified. Additionally the composition of each waste is provided.

Petitioner also introduces Exhibit D which is a map of the refinery property showing the location of the waste source and disposal or treatment sites referenced in Exhibit C.

The following comments are intended to provide additional detail for some items in Exhibit C:

- (a) Slop oil is simply oil from drips and lines which has been collected at the docks to prevent it from getting into the Mississippi River. This oil is brought to the oil recovery system in main property where water is removed and returned to the refinery effluent treatment system, and the oil is returned to the refinery processes. There is no disposal.
- (b) Weak sulfuric acid and caustic soda solutions are collected from a number of locations at the Mississippi River docks and the sulfur/acid facilities and removed to the main refinery property where neutralization occurs in a pond designated "neutralization pond". Disposal of sodium sulfate occurs.
- (c) Sour water (that is, water containing sulfide and/or ammonia) from various sources, particularly crude oil tank water draws,

is transported to the main refinery property and discharged into API Separator Box No. 11 from which it flows to the refinery effluent treatment system.

- (d) Crude oil tank bottoms are also removed to the oil recovery system described above.
- (e) Sulfur Plant sour water is a much more concentrated sour water. This sour water is removed to the main refinery sulfide/ammonia recovery system. This process removes sulfur to the refinery sulfur recovery system leaving the ammonia in the water to be treated by the refinery effluent treatment system.
- (f) Soda ash is used for neutralizing acid drips and spills at the Sulfuric Acid Plant. The material to be disposed of is sodium carbonate and sodium sulfate, and disposal is at an onsite landfill.
- (g) Elemental solid sulfur is collected at the refinery.
 Sulfur Plant as drips and spills and is also landfilled.
- (h) Oily dirt, sand, and rock is collected from many places in the refinery following accidental spills or leaks. This material is hauled to the place designated "solid wastes" in the main refinery property. Disposal occurs.
- 3. None of the wastes at issue here are disposed of offsite. The wastes are either recovered and treated or disposed of onsite. The above references to the refinery effluent treatment system refer to equipment and discharge limitations, subject to NPDES Permit No. IL0000205 and Illinois EPA Water Pollution Control Permit No. 1979-E0-4328.
- 4. Petitioner's statement in Section 5 on page 3 of its Petition needs clarification. Petitioner's own internal waste disposal permit system is not a proposed system but an actual working system that has been in use in the refinery for many years and was recently upgraded to meet changing regulatory

requirements. Shell's system covers all kinds of waste and resource recovery movements in its refinery and is necessary to the efficient conduct of Shell's business. Moreover Shell's system is broader than the Agency's system since it covers all types of waste handling and resource recovery whereas the Agency's system deals only with "special waste". Since Shell's system is equivalent to and meets the intent of the Agency's system, the question is whether or not Petitioner must use the Agency manifest system in addition to its own system.

Petitioner estimates the cost of complying with Rule 501 at \$37,000 per year. The Rule 501 system would be a redundant system superimposed upon Shell's internal system at an additional cost of \$37,000 per year. This figure includes \$13,500 labor costs associated with filling out and handling manifests, \$12,000 training, \$10,000 staff time for consultations, and \$1,500 for mailing and stationery costs.

5. Petitioner reiterates its belief that having to comply with Rule 501 is an arbitrary and unreasonable hardship in the form of increased and inflationary administrative costs on it and the Agency. There is no evidence that this additional paper work burden will contribute anything to the protection of the environment.

Respectfully submitted,

SHELL OIL COMPANY

Bv:

A. R. Williams, Refinery Manager

P. O. Box 262

Wood River, Illinois 62095

(618) 254-7371

WASTES AND OTHER MATERIALS TRANSPORTED OVER PUBLIC ROADS

	WASTE DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY TONS/YR	ESTIMATED NUMBER OF LOADS/YR	DISPOSAL* SITE	COMMENTS	
•	Slop Oil from River Float Sumps -This is finished hydrocarbon product which is slopped during loading/unloading barges in order to drain lines and prevent discharges to the Mississippi River.	280	350	Oil Recovery System	This slop is generally more than 50% hydrocarbon with the remainder being water. The hydrocarbon will range from motor gasoline to heavy fuel oils.	
•	Weak Sulfuric Acid -This is slop and line drain- ings from loading/unloading sulfuric acid barges.	45	15	Neutralization Pond - South	This slop is generally less than 10% H ₂ SO ₄ with trace amounts of hydrocarbon with the remainder being water.	
١.	Weak Caustic -This is slop and line drain- ings from loading/unloading caustic barges.	45	10	Neutralization Pond - North	This slop is generally less than 10% NaOH with trace amounts of hydrocarbon with the remainder being water.	
٠.	Sour Water from Water Draw Off Crude Tanks	750	725	API Separator Box 11 (To Effluent Treater)	Typical Analysis is as follows: NH ₃ - 2 ppm Sulfide - less than 1 ppm	
۰,ـ	Crude Tank Bottoms	1,100	250	Oil Recovery System	A typical analysis is contained on page 3 of this Exhibit C.	
١.	Sulfur Plant Sour Water	300	35	Sulfide/NH ₃ Recovery and Effluent Treatment	Typical Analysis is as follows: NH3 - 10,500 ppm Sulfide - 12,800 ppm Diethanolamine (DEA) - 2.1%w	

ASTES AND OTHER MATERIALS RANSPORTED OVER PUBLIC ROADS

	WASTE DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY TONS/YR	ESTIMATED NUMBER OF LOADS/YR	DISPOSAL* SITE	COMMENTS
•	Soda Ash (Bulk Na ₂ CO ₃) -Used for neutralizing acid in the Acid Plant.	50	10	Landfill	This is 100% soda ash.
١.	Elemental Solid Sulfur	20	10	Landfill	This is 100% solid elemental sulfur.
•	Oily Dirt/Sand/Rock -These solids are a result of accidental spills or leaks in outlying refinery property.	. 75	20	Solid Waste	This is generally 10% hydrocarbon.

(Car Carlo	
Sample Description Tank Bottoms	A-75 Crude	Lab No. 8
Part 1 Bulk Density: 92.7 g/100 ml.	Phase Portion Hydrocarbon Aqueous Phase Solid Phase Loss	Phase 51.1
Part 2 Parameter HYDROCARBON PHASE	CONSTICUTE	100.0% TUENT CONCENTRATIONS mg/kg of Total Sample
Benzo-a-pyrene		
Nickel	5.7	2.9
Vanadium	28.7	14.6
AQUEOUS PHASE		•
Arsenic	0.2	0.06
Cadmium	<u> </u>	0.00
. Chromium (Total)	LT 0.1	LT 0.03
Chromium (Hexavalent)		
Copper .	LT O.1	LT 0.03
Cyanide	0.06	0.02
Fluoride	LT 1.1	LT 0.33
Lead	0.3	0.09
Mercury	LT 0.003	LT 0.0009
Nickel	0.3	0.09
Selenium		
Vanadium	LT 1.5	<u> </u>
Zinc .	0.1	0.03
SOLID PHASE		
Arsenic	LT 7.1;	LT 0.1 -
Cadmium	LT 14.8	LT 0.26
Chromium .	7+7+	0.8
Copper	143	2.7
Lead	266	4.8
Mercury	<u>0.0</u> Ŀ	0,0003
Nickel	89	1.6
Selenium		
Vanadium	. 200	T.M. L.
Zinc	562.	10
Total Sample		
Phonolics LT = Less Than	,	10.0

APPENDIX - D WAIVER DEMONSTRATION TECHNICAL INFORMATION FORM

APPENDIX D

WAIVER DEMONSTRATION TECHNICAL INFORMATION FORM

Co	mpany	Name:	Shell Oil Company ; EPA ID.#:	
Co	mpany .	Address:_	P. O. Box 262	
			Wood River, IL 62095	
Ins	pectors	Name:	; Date:	
,	•			
1.0	Site	Character	ization	
	show		U.S.G.S., 7.5 min. Topographic Quadrangle y location with water supply wells near the ed.	
	1.0.1	Are the	ere discharging wells near the facility?	(Y/N) Yes
				
			give distances to wells 2.4 miles to Har	rtrord municipal
		supply	well.	
		1.0.1.1	Which aquifers in the vicintiy provide wa	
			supplies? The unconfined surface ago	iifer.
		1.0.1.2	What is the estimated withdrawal (diver-	
			rate from these aquifers? Varies - She	11 Oil Co.
			withdraws an average 3,500 gpm in t	he vicinity of
	1.0.2	Are the	the surface impoundment. re any streams, rivers, or lakes near	<i>,</i>
		the faci		(Y/N) Yes
		1.0.2.1	If so, indicate approximate distances from	m
		1.0.2.1	the facility. 2.8 miles to the Missis	
1.1	Region	al Hydrog	geologic/Surficial Geologic Map	•
	1.1.1	Is the su	rficial geology adequately illustrated?	(Y/N) Yes
	1.1.2	Are area	as of recharge/discharge shown?	(Y/N) Yes
	1.1.3	Is region	al groundwater flow direction indicated?	(Y/N) Yes
	1.1.4		water table or potentiometric logical?	(Y/N) <u>Yes</u>

1.2	facility (scale at least 1" = 200"), showing the locations of facility components (e.g., surface impoundments, and disposal areas), and groundwater monitoring wells, springs, seeps, streams, etc.					
	1.2.1	(Y/N) No				
	1.2.2	Are loc wells sl	eations of test borings (or pits) and observation hown?	(Y/N) Yes		
		1.2.2.1	Are borings, pits, or wells located in or near the waste management area?	(Y/N) Yes		
			If yes,			
		1.2.2.2	Do the borings, pits, or wells appear to be of such number, and depth to adequately characterize the substrate?	(Y/N) Yes		
			Give brief detail A total of 24 piezometer	s were installed		
			and used to generate data supporting th	e waiver		
			demonstration.			
1.3	Boring	Logs and	Geologic Cross Sections			
	1.3.1	Are the	re logs of the borings or test pits?	(Y/N) Yes		
	1.3.2 How are the sub-surface materials described: (check as appropriate)					
		1.3.2.1	Unified Soil Classification System X			
		1.3.2.2	U.S.D.A. Soil Classification System X			
		1.3.2.3	Burmeister Classification System			
		1.3.2.4	Other (explain)			
	1.3.3	Are geol	ogic cross-sections included?	(Y/N) <u>No</u>		
	1.3.4		evidence of confining (low permeability) eneath the facility?	(Y/N) Yes		
2.0	Waste (Character	ization			
2.1			aterial been stabilized in any way to preclude eachate being generated?	(Y/N) No		
	If yes, t	oriefly exp	plain methods			

2.2	into	e specially engineered features been incorporated the facility design to minimize the migration of nate?	(Y/N) Yes
	If ye	s, briefly explain A cone of depression in the gr	oundwater is
		ntained in the vicinity of the surface impound	
3.0		any contaminant plume originated at the surface r Balance would be intercepted.	e impoundment it
3.1	Is pre	cipitation data included?	(Y/N) <u>No a</u>
	3.1.1	How is it tabulated? (check one)	
		 Daily Weekly Monthly Annually 	
	3.1.2	Source of data (check one)	
		 U.S. Weather Service State Agency Other Source Identify 	.
	3.1.3	Length of record, in years	
	3.1.4	Distance of measuring point from the facility	
3.2	Is actu	al evapotranspiration (AET) data included?	(Y/N) No ^a
	3.2.1	Is the source of AET data indicated?	(Y/N)
		If yes, give reference	
3.3	Is run-	off calculated?	(Y/N) No a/
	3.3.1	Is the technique referenced?	. (Y/N)
		If yes, give reference	•
3.4	Is infilt	tration data included?	(Y/N) No a/
	3.4.1	Is source of data referenced?	(Y/N)
		If yes, give reference	

 $[\]frac{a}{}$ These water balance factors are not applicable to the basis for the waiver and were, therefore, not evaluated as such for this demonstration.

3.5	Is the	ere a positive net infiltration recorded?	(Y/N)	Not Determined
	If ye	s, how much?		
4.0	Unsa	turated Zone Characteristics		
4.1	zone	the applicant demonstrated that the unsaturated will isolate any waste derived leachate from the water, chemically or physically?	(Y/N)	No
	Brief	ly describe mechanism(s) The area is contained by ma	aintenar	ce_
	of t	the cone of depression.		
4.2	Physi	cal Properties		
	4.2.1	Has the applicant defined the unsaturated thickness and areal variability?	(Y/N)	Yes
		Briefly describe See well sample descriptions and report.	l data i	<u>n</u>
	4.2.2	Has the primary and secondary porosity (if any) of the unsaturated zone been determined? Briefly describe Secondary porosity not applicabl	(Y/N)_	
	4.2.3	Have hydraulic conductivity curves for each sediment type comprising the unsaturated zone been established?	(Y/N) <u>1</u>	<u>Parti</u> al
	4.2.4	Have textural analyses been performed?	(Y/N)_	Yes
	4.2.5	Have bulk densities been estimated?	(Y/N)_	Yes
1.3	Chemi	cal Properties		
	4.3.1	Has cation exchange been cited as an attenuation means?	(Y/N)_	No
		If yes,		
		4.3.1.1 Type of clay		
		4.3.1.2 Percent of clay		
		4.3.1.3 Percent of organics		
		4314 DH of metariale		4

5.4	Was the	e saturated thickness determined?		(Y/N) Yes .
•		Explain		
	5.3.4	Other		
	5.3.3	Packer tests		
	5.3.2	Constant head tests		•
	5.3.1	Falling head tests		
	(check	appropriate tests)		
5.3	Were o	other <u>insitu</u> tests performed?		(Y/N) No
	5.2.2	The length(s) of the recovery test(s)		
	5.2.1	The duration(s) of test(s) 3 days		
5.2	How n	nany tests were performed?	1_	
	5.1.4	Leakage		
	5.1.3	Storage Coefficient	0.002	
	5.1.2	Kydraxide Conductivity Permeability	2,100	(g/d/ft)
	appro 5.1.1	priate determinations and give results) Transmissivity	210,000	(g/d/ft)
	If yes	, were pumping tests performed to determ	ine (check	
5.1		the saturated zone hydrologic properties be mined?	een	(Y/N) _{Yes}
5.0	Satur	ated Zone Physical Characteristics		
		4.3.2.5 Other		
		4.3.2.4 Chelation		
		4.3.2.3 Precipitation		
		4.3.2.2 Complexation		
		4.3.2.1 Biodegradation		
		adequately explained? If yes, cite mechanism:		(Y/N) No_
	4.3.2	•	any, been	(Y/N) No

5.5	Ares	tatic water level measurements included?	(Y/N) Yes
5.6	Is a s	ite water table (equipotential) contour map included?	(Y/N) <u>Yes</u>
	5.6.1	Does the contour map appear logical based on the presented data and topography?	(Y/N) <u>Yes</u>
	5.6.2	Are groundwater flowlines indicated?	(Y/N) <u>Yes</u>
	5.6.3	Are hydraulic gradients included?	(Y/N) <u>Yes</u>
	5.6.4	Are flow velocities included?	(Y/N) No
5.7	Is the	re any indication of vertical flow in the saturated zone?	(Y/N) <u>No</u> a
5.8	Sature	ated Zone Chemical Properties of Ground Water	
	5.8.1	Have water quality analyses been performed to establish background data?	(Y/N) Yes
	5.8.2	Does background information indicate that the aquifer may be degraded in any way?	(Y/N) <u>No</u>
6.0	Comp	uter Modeling	
6.1	Was a	computer simulation utilized in the demonstration?	(Y/N) No
	Check	appropriate model:	
	6.1.1	Mass transport	
	6.1.2	Flow model	
6.2	Туре о	f model? (check appropriate type)	-
	6.2.1	Numerical	
	6.2.2	Analytic	
	6.2.3	Reference for model?	
		<u> </u>	
	6.2.4	Does the data appear to warrant the use of modeling techniques?	(Y/N) No
	-	If not, explain	

 $[\]frac{a}{s}$ See waiver documentation for potentiometric vectors.

SHELL WOOD RIVER MANUFACTURING COMPLEX

JUNE 15, 1983

		
	Elevation of	Elevation of
Well No.	Top Pipe	Top Water
T-1	444.25	396.75
T-2	443.73	395.81
T-3		389.65
	451.65	
T-4	448.65	393.06
T-5	444.08	393.33
T-6	447.37	397.45
T-7	444.70	396.29
T-8	430.26	405.04
T-9	429.04	405.12
T-10	433.31	399.72
T-11	431.01	399.68
T-12	445.37	395.37
T-13	444.16	396.75
T-14	445.31	390.06
T-15	445.74	395.41
T-16	444.65	396.65
T-17	446.60	386.85
T-18	446.30	399.80
T-19	446,44	383,11
T-20	447.68	398.35
T-21	444.63	405.47
T-22	442.88	402.65
T-23	430.41	401.00
T-24	444.40	395115
T-25	446.75	392.75
T-26	446.87	394.12
T-27	444.44	384.11
T-28	444.67	396.59
T-29	446.99	394.74
T-30	446,93	394.60
T-31	445.05	397.46
T-32	430.83	406.08
T-33	441.66	400.66
T-34	446.03	402.20 -
T-35	446.08	405.58
T-36	444.98	407.81
T-37	447.81	396.89
T-38	446.26	398.76
T-39	441.77	403.69
T-40	432.31	403.31
T-41	430.09	406.84
T-42	433.11	409.11
T-43	436.42	407.10
T-44	437.63	407.45
T-45	438.91	409.24
T-46	428.91	402.41
T-47	429.77	404.10

SHELL WOOD RIVER MANUFACTURING COMPLEX

JUNE 15, 1963

Well No.	Elevation of Top Pipe	Elevation of Top Water
		
T-48	434.31	408.06
T-49	433.71	409.12
T-50	437.31	410.06
T-51	433.80	409.80
T-52	434.32	408.99
T-53	437.84	409.41 396.89
T-54 T-55	448.56	397.51
T-56	445.26 429.33	402.65
T-57	430.45	415.62
T-58	430.43	407.84
T-59	430.45	401.70
T-60	428.74	402.57
T-61	429.89	402.81
T-62	432.37	399.45
T-63	431.69	399.94
T-64	429.33	400.58
T-65	432.90	399.98
T-66	426.76	406.51
T-67	428.64	417.39
T-68	427.87	408.79
T-72	447.32	394.91
T-73	446.89	393.64
39	444.48	393.94
40	445.35	392.18
41	446.53	391.84
42	446.43	394.53
45	442.21	
47	445.14	393.22
52	444.11	394.90
55	438.04	396.04
56	446.41	392.10
57	445.22	392.72
58	443.23	391.53
59	445.10	402.00
60	445.60	401.00
62	445.23	390.43
64	446.37	391.20
65	446.37	391.70
66	446.45	390.78
67	447.10	391.24
68	451.67°	406.67
69 70	447.11	392.19
70	447.29	391.79
71	445.09	394.09 393.69
72	447.19	392.69
73 7 4	446.89	391.39
74	44453	<i>3</i> 91. 97



SHELL WOOD RIVER MANUFACTURING COMPLEX

JUNE 15, 1983

Well No.	Elevation of Top Pipe	Elevation of Top Water
RW 2	416.95	403.00
RW 3	417.65	403.00
RW 5	418.30	403.00
RW 6	418.62	404.00
RW 7	420.08	405.00
Ranney	443.50	407.00
Tannery East	431.33	402.66
Tannery West	432.62	403.69
Kendall Hill	432.10	411.03
Roxana No. 1	446.45	396.37
Hartford #2	431.19	413.19
Anlin West	429.71	401.21

SHELL - WOOD RIVER MFG. COMPLEX OCTOBER 1, 1982

	Elevation of	Elevation of Top Water
Well No.	Top Pipe	Top water
T-1	444.25	393.58
T-2	443.73	392.73
	451.65	391.25
T-3	448.65	389.24
T-4	444.08	395.67
T-5	447.37	394.45
T-6	444.70	395.29
T-7	430.26	397.24
T-8	430.20	399.54
T-9		396.31
T-10	433.31	395.93
T-11	431.01	393.55
T-12	445.37	393.57
T-13	444.16	393.64
T-14	445.31	392.57
T-15	445.74	392.57 392.65
T-16	444.65	394.24
T-17	446.60	
T-18	446.30	394.97
T-19	447.44	388.99
T-20	447.68	394.93
T-21	444.63	402.46
T-22	442.88	398.63
T-23	430.41	397.00
T-24	444.40	393.07
T-25	446.75	389.75
T-26	446.87	389.70
T-27	444.44	392.04
T-28	444.67	392.34
T-29	446.99	388.33
T-30	446.93	386.76
T-31	445.05	392.72
T-32	430.83	406.01
T-33	441.66	400.91
T-34	446.03	401.21
T-35	446.08	405.88
T-36	444.98	408.31
T-37	447.81	391.49
T-38	446.26	395.44
T-39	441.77	402.77
T-40	432.31	406.71
T-41	430.09	405.84
T-42	433.11	408.52
T-43	436.42	406.66
T-44	437.63	407.04
T-45	, 438.91	406.41
T-46	428.91	399.24
T-47	429.77	399.44
T-48	434.31	406.39
T-49	433.71	407.39
T-50	437.31	408.64

SHELL - WOOD RIVER MFG. COMPLEX

Well No.	Elevation of Top Pipe	Elevation of Top Water
well No.		
T-51	433.80	409.05
T-52	434.32	409.07
T-53	437.84	409.01
T-54	448.56	396.23
T-55	445.26	395.44
1 33		
39	444.48	391.58
40	445.35	390.24
41	446.53	391.16
42	446.43	391.43
45	442.21	390.38
47	445.14	390.00
52	444.55	387.60
55	438.04	393.73
56	446.41	391.91
57	445.22	390.98
58	443.23	391.78
59	445.10	397.51
60	445.60	398.35
62	445.23	390.53
64	446.37	389.94
65	446.37	390.58
	446.45	391.00
66	447.10 ,	389.43
67	451.67	403.92
68	447.11	390.66
69	447.11	389.96
70	445.09	393.09
71	443.09	373.07
RW2	416.95	395.00
	417.65	395.00
RW3		395.00
RW5	418.30 418.62	395.60
RW6		396.50
RW7	420.08	398.00
RANNEY	443.50	
Tannawa - Fact	431.33	396.83
Tannery - East West	431.33	396.87
West Kendall Hill	432.10	408.10
	446.45	395.12
Roxana No. 1	432.71	399.71
Hartford No. 1	432.71	394.41
Anlin - East		394.54
West	429.71	J74 • J4

SHELL WOOD RIVER MANUFACTURING COMPLEX MAY 1, 1982

WELL NUMBER	ELEVATION OF TOP PIPE	ELEVATION OF TOP WATER
T-1	444.25	392.42
T-2	443.73	391.65
T-3	451.65	390.98
T-4	448.65	388.32
T-5	444.08	391.97
T-6	447.37	391.87
T-7	444.70	393.57
T-8	430.26	395.26
T-9	429.04	397.04
T-10	433.31	393.98
T-11	431.01	393.51
T-12	445.37	392.34
T-13	444.16	391.66
T-14 T-15	445.31 445.74	391.81
		390.41
T-16	444.65	390.98
T-17	446.60	390.69
T-18	446.30	392.80
T-19	447.44	388.34
T-20	447.68	393.85
T-21	444.63	401.13
T-22	442.88	396.88
T-23	430.41	395.41
T-24	444.40	390.73
T-25	446.75	391.10
T-26	446.87	390.80
T-27	444.44	390.84
T-28	444.67	390.59
T-29	446.99	389.82
T-30	446.93	387.74
T-31	445.05	391.38
T-32	430.83	404.33
T-33	441.66	399.16
T-34	446.03	399.53
T-35	446.08	404.24
T-36	444.98	405.65
T-37	447.81	392.81
T-38	446.26	394.01
т-39	441.77	401.44
T-40	432.31	404.31
T-41	430.09	406.01
T-42	433.11	407.94
T-43	436.42	406.75
T-44	437.63	406.96
T-45	438.91	407.74
1 70	430 • 7±	

WELL NUMBER	ELEVATION OF TOP PIPE	ELEVATION OF TOP WATER
T-46	428.91	398.91
T-47	420.91	400.60
T-48	434.31	404.72
T-49	433.71	404.72
T-50	433.71	406.81
T-51	433.31	407.80
T-52	433.80	
T-53		407.49
	437.84	407.09
T-54	448.56	394.89
T-55	445.26	394.34
39	444.48	400.00
40	445.35	380.00
41	446.53	391.00
42	446.43	389.00
45	442.21	388.38
47	445.14	394.00
52	444.55	387.10
55	438.04	391.21
56	446.41	390.08
57	445.22	398.20
58	443.23	391.03
59	445.10	397.00
60	445.60	393.00
62	445.23	390.00
64	446.37	388.66
6 5	446.37	391.00
6 6	446.45	389.00
67	447.10	390.00
68	451.67	404.00
69	447.11	390.77
70	447.29	391.29
71	445.09	391.00
RW-2	416.95	395.00
R₩-2 R₩-3	417.65	396.00
RW-5	418.30	395:30
RW-6	418.62	395.60
RW-7	420.08	396.00
Ranney	443.50	395.00
Ranney	443.30	393.00
Tannery East	431.33	394.83
Tannery West	432.62	393.96
Kendall Hill	432.10	407.27
Roxana No. 1	446.45	393.45
Hartford No. 1	432.71	402.71
·- ·		
Anlin East	429.74	391.73
Anlin West	429.71	392.21

W. WAR		C 755	
ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PRO	TERECEIVED	ILD0800123	05 MEMORANDUM
10:	MAY 21 1981	r	DATE: 4/2/8/
FROM: Jeff Stern	ILL. E.P.A D.L.P.O.	D.	Information only
SUBJECT: Madison Co. Wood Riv	ver/Shell Oil Co.	11911502	Response requested
	1		
This memo is bein	g written as	a follow-up	to the
ISS inspection conduct	ted at this	facility on	March 4, 1981.
It concerns the suit	ace impoundm	ent where	hazardous
was are currently	being placed	. The wastes	being
blackd in the impound	ment are un	7 71007 1 KOC	ryu Joe
oil emulsion solids (Ko	17), and AP	separator	sludge (K051).
_ The process code	e on the Par	t A tor the	se 3 wastes
is 1983 - disposal in a	surface in	poundment.	During the
155 inspection day Ra	nkin, Thell En	riconmental d	epartment,
Iss inspection Jay Ra informed us that this "Part B" comes out. At	13 only tem	porary stora	igo until
mande as to the cultimate	to discost	_a decision_	would be
made as to the ultima of the surface impoun	dinant.	or the wast	es ana late
In the hazar	dous muste I	ntorin Stati	15 Standards
for surface impoundme	ents. the owner	r or operate	or at closure
for surface impoundments is required to either	remove all u	vastes liner	contaminated
soil from the impound	ment or ma	nage the i	mpoundment
as a landfill.		J	\
On or after M	1ay 19, 1981, w	nen written	closure plans
are required the closure	plan at thi	s facility wi	Il be inspected
to see if any decision	n has been	made req	arding the
ore required, the closure to see if any decision surface impoundment.	Also, at this	time the g	round water
monitoring program u	vill be revi	ewed.	
			